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#### SUMMARY

#### SOUTHEAST ASIA

- 1. French official warns against Vietnamese bid for direct US aid (page 3).
- 2. Ho Chi Minh's prestige in south underscored (page 3).
- 3. Increased number of Overseas Chinese students going to Communist China (page 4).

### NEAR EAST - AFRICA

4. Comment on the change of truce supervisors in Palestine (page 4).

#### EASTERN EUROPE

- 5. Belgrade radio reports Balkan Alliance to be signed on 9 August (page 5).
- 6. Comment on abolition of Soviet occupation laws in East Germany (page 6).

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## SOUTHEAST ASIA

1.	French official warns against Vietnamese bid for direct US aid:
25X1A	Jacques Raphael-Leygues, French emissary charged with studying the "possibilities of reinforcing" the Vietnamese government, told Ambassador Dillon in Paris on 5 August that the chief aim of the Vietnamese authorities is to obtain American aid directly rather than through the French He called this "dangerous" and ascribed it to "oriental reasoning," which in this instance requires that steps be taken to prepare for possible accommodation with the enemy.
	Pointing to the Chinese Nationalists who in 1948-1949 went over to the Communists with their weapons, he argued that if the Vietnamese authorities had control of American supplies they would be able to 'buy amnesty" from the Viet Minh.
	<u>Comment</u> : The French have consistently opposed Vietnamese requests for direct control of American-supplied materiel. In the past the French have usually claimed that the Vietnamese lacked the organization for effectively processing and utilizing this aid.
	Continued French control over such supplies would considerably strengthen the French position at the expense of the national government, a scarcely concealed French aim.
<b>2.</b> 25X1A 25X1A	Ho Chi Minh's prestige in south underscored:  A high French civil official in Saigon informed the American embassy on 5 August that 240 out of 250 employees of the leading Saigon printing establishment would unhesitatingly
	vote for Ho Chi Minh in a national election. The American embassy in Saigon sees in this near unanimity of opinion a striking indication of the current low prestige of the Vietnamese national government. Its unpopularity with these Vietnamese, who are well above average in terms of background, training and salary, is cited as a measure of the difficulties to be encountered in rallying anti-Communist forces in

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south Vietnam.

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in which Ho Chi Minh has been held throughout Vietnam for almost a decade is evidence primarily of the nationalistic fervor of the people rather than of an ideological trend.

China:	
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	the quarter ending 30 June, three times many Chinese between the ages of 12 and left Malaya for Communist China as duri the same period last year.
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The American consulate general at Singapore comments that the increase in student departures seems likely to continue now that Communist China is "at peace" in Korea and Vietnam, and as Peiping expands its propaganda appeals to Overseas Chinese.

Comment: High school and universitylevel education on the mainland holds great attraction for young Overseas Chinese because of the almost complete lack of equivalent facilities either in the countries of their residence or in Taipei.

It has been traditional for Chinese in Southeast Asia to return to China for study. Many of those doing so now are expected to return to Southeast Asia as Communist agents.

#### NEAR EAST - AFRICA

4.		Comment on the change of truce supervisors in Palestine:		
25X1A		Arab and Israeli initial reaction to the appointment of a new UN truce supervisor in PalestineCanada's Major General Burns		
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of the alliance which persisted as recently as 2 August.

official government announcement, indicates that the three foreign ministers have successfully resolved differences concerning the text

Comment: This broadcast, while not an

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	6.	Comment on abolition of Soviet occupation laws in East Germany:
251/44		The USSR Council of Ministers on 6 August canceled all orders and instructions on
25X1A	L	political, economic and cultural affairs in  East Germany which were enacted by the Soviet Military Adminis-
		tration and High Commission from 1945 to 1953. This legislation has, however, all been paralleled by laws of the German Democratic
		Republic which will remain in effect. The control functions of the Soviet authorities in East Germany are maintained by existing Four-
		Power agreements. The GDR has stated that it will adhere to the obligations stemming from these agreements.
		The Soviet announcement is another stage in the gradual extension of the trappings of sovereignty to the East German
		regime, and will probably be contrasted in Communist propaganda with the situation in Western Germany, where legislation of the three occu-
		pation powers is still in effect. Another purpose is to support the intensified Communist campaign for East German participation in
		international meetings and in direct talks with West Germany. West-
		ern countries, including West Germany, are likely to receive the move with great skepticism.

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